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auci Counter Espionage	<u> </u>	. * }##.	
Luis TEDEECHI, possibly I	Alis Telechi	- 300	
See paragraph 3		•	
;			
1. A source who has	s given highly reliable in	formation in the past, a	nd
whom we have no reason to	o question, has stated that	t during 1943 one Luis	
TEDESCHI was either being	considered for recruitment	nt by/or was actually wo	rk- ·
AE & member of the Grant	ing to the source, he was l sh Communist Party. The a	known to have been active	9
during early 1943 was Pie	chincha 969, Buenos Aires,	Argentina.	
2. L		a Luis TEDESCHI, born	n.
telephone 58-3717 Pares	ed in local police files a per investigation is being	a living at El Domador 3	150,
nately, Headquarters does	s not have the date and pla	see of birth of Subject	lu- np
paragraph 1. The source	has indicated that Subject	t was probably born in I	talv .
and may have been active	in the Spanish Civil War	1936-39. This. of course	, -, 2,
could explain his involve	ement in the Spanish Commu	nist Party.	
3. It is requested	that		
Base files for any traces	of Subject.	check Station and contacts may be	1.
approached for any inform	mation available in their	files.	
4. Please address :	replies in this matter "Att	tention KUDESK."	
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DISPATCH

DRAFT

7 February 1961

MEMOPANDUM	FOR:	Chie	,	CI/Project
Subject:		Luis	.	EDESCHI

Distribution:

CI/SIG/

Orig. & 1 - Addressee 2 - CI/

1. This office is extremely interested in obtaining ail available information on one Luis TEDESCHI, who was reported to be residing at Pichincha 969, Duenos Aires, ain the early part of 1943, at which time he allegedly was of interest to the RIS. The attached document refers to a Luis TEDESCHI residing at this address in 1942 and to an individual by the name of TEDESCHI who had resided at Estados Unidos 0366 in 1942. Apparently the information as shown on the attached document was obtained 2. We would appreciate having you tell us if you know of any way we might locate referred to and possibly any other directed to TEDESCHI Letie Ku 4.1. Office 1 Guassing BIRCH D. O'NEAL Chief, CI/SIG Attachment: 1

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Chief of Tation Counter Intelligence/Luig TEXECHI in Expension 1. Headquarters perfects that it has been unable to learn the date and place or birth of the late TEXECHI tho, according to a usually reliable source, was better the total the cation of the High of t	ICDATCU (EGIF4CATION			ROCESSING	
Chief of Station Chief, WH Chief, WH Counter Intelligence/Luis TEEDDIN (Corrent spelling believed to be THEOGRAP Counter Intelligence/Luis TEEDDIN (Corrent spelling believed to be THEOGRAP A Parsas, 3 and h Provided States of the Lais TEEDERN (Corrent spelling believed to be THEOGRAP 1. Headquarters regrets that it has been unable to learn the date and place of birth of the Lais TEEDERN who, according to a usually reliable source, was believed to recretify the part of 1943 by the FIS, or was actually working for the FIS as stated in our source reported that the address used by TEEDERN durit the early part of 1943 was Pichincha 969, Susmon Aires, has been found in a 1942 document which appears to have been based on consorship reports. Whis document indicates that TEEDERN sacres, as given above, was cover address for a DEC (Union Democratica Espanola) manifesto sent from Cubs. Also one TEEDERN ESCON, Beness Aires, was given as a cover address in a secret writing message. A copy of the pertinent portions of this document at attached. 3. It is hoped that 3. It is hoped that 3. It is hoped that 1. Headquarters will be extremely interested in any further information on this individual you may be able to develop, as it is possible that he may be linked the Communist Movement will be extremely interested in any further information on this individual you may be able to develop, as it is possible that he may be linked that Communist Communist Communist Communist Section 10 and 10 a	IJPAILN	5 5 (CRET			ACTION	ACCOM PLISHES
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Chief WH/J.)C. King U. e.				Chief	ZME/J.)c.	And U.S.	سسر أو

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F.Z. Section

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FROM : No name, HAVARA, CUBA.

TO I SR. UNIS TERESONI, FICHTMONA 969, SYSVIS AIRSO, ARINDTINE.

28th JLy to 16th August 1902 , Startish

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PI OF AND CONDITIONS IN SPAIN : NO ECROPE ILED BY COMMUNISTS FOR A LIST LIVINGS AND PRESENCE OF REAL STAIR.

This cover contains Reports Nos. \$50 - 5, 555 - 5 out 571, compiled from interviews with remand were hard recently laid Spain, and describe the attitude of the Spanish people to the wan and to insir Nov rement, the extent of Durman penetration in Spain and of Spanish ain on the Acis. the activities and standing if political parties of the Ri bushes Left in Spain, and general living conditions in the country. This group of reports more are of interesting of both Continuate and Falancial symputh sers.

PRETIDUS REJORDS:

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TRI.10301/42, TRI.11673/42.
TRI.245.7, and TP1.14201/42 cover or the same subject.

8/4555

covers a group of resorts on the Spanish political scene, possibly from the same source as the above, which may be VICENTE URIBE, the Communist leader, whose headquarters are in CUBA. See also BER.14567/42. SP.14974/42, SER.19252/42.

Addresses, LUIS TEDESCHI, is shown by TRI.15328/42 to be a cover address for a U.P.E. (UNI M DEECCRATICA ESPANCIA) Manifesto sent from Cuba. He may also be the TEDESCHI, ESTADOS "WIDOS 8566, who is given as a cover address in the saw message in TRI.14725/42 (secret).

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DISPATC

5 October 1960

SUBJECT: Luis TEDESCHI

- 1. A Source, who has given extremely reliable information in the past, stated that, during 1943, Subject was either being considered for recruitment by the RIS or was actually working for the RIS.
- 2. Subject is known to have been an active member of the Spanish Communist Party. The address used by Subject during the early part of 1943 was Pichincha 969, Euenos Aires.

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To the second

. Series No. TEM-344 16 March 1948

SUBJECT: Cranich Communist Farty

1. Investigations are being conducted in attempts to identify individuals need in material concerning Spenish Communist Party transmitted to us in IMM---250. Proview of Source A files has revealed only scattered information which is being used as a basis for the investigations and this preliminary data is set fort, below:

2. In Narch 1947 Source A outlined in rome detail the Spanish Communist rejecting system in the western Hemisphere. The addresses known to be speakly the Forty at that time were stated to be as follows:

A. Dieran Airen

Jord L. MANTO Costa Rica 4050 Buenos Aires

Entillo ATRA Calle Commoda 2244 -Terecero D Buenos Aires

Juan Mains : Calle Firing 1854 Sucnos Aires Roberto CAMINI Inclan 4205 Buenos Aires

Jeine NOMINGEY Rivedavia 5764 (7º rise) Buchan Aires

Luis TYPY SOUR Pichinella 969 Eurnos Aires

Luis THOMASIL Esteris Unidos 2369 Euenos Aires.

b. Marica

And Sage Calle Pino Sz Depto 9 Mexico, D.F.

Antonio 1000 Givera Avenida Egidod 37 Mexico, D.F.

B. Hopping 2

A. SAMSHAZ Morales 77 Mexico, D.F.

Antonio Collantica Esragosa C7, Apt. 27 Rexico, D.F.

-1-SECRET 200-4-5-33

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Series No. TNV-344 March 16, 1943

c. Cuina

Caridad DIAZ.
Calle Nueva del Filar 2
altos del café
Hatana, Cuca

Manuel burns Uan Lazaro 2003 altos Habana, Cuba

Juan Jos's WVEO Casa de la Gultura Papeo dei Prado 210 altos Habana, Cuba

Coserco MINATURI ...
Luis Estevez y Ferraga
Santos Suercz (bodega)
Habena, Cuba

Alexandro MWIFE ... Calle Lawton, entre Tejar y Pacito Habana, Cuba.

d. Jack STRSNG 2c/O W.L.P. E32 Breadway, 9th fir. NewYork, New York Conieno MODRICUEZ c/o Francisco Canivet Si Cleveland Squara London W. 2, England.

Dolores Transport

- 3. Enclosure to TKH-4-258, report on expenses, cites payments to:
 - a. "Daughter of Eduardo" :7 in Mar and Arr; 117 in Mar.
 Source A reported that:
 - (1) On 21 dep 45 one EDUAPDO DETENA Y GACKET, a franchist relitical entile, shoke at a neeting at the Constant on Stanton, lauding the success of a convention held 14-16 Sep 45 by the CONSTRUCTURE PRO REFUSERCA ESPANCIA.
 - (2) On 1 Mar 46 EDUARDO MARTITUS CHUTH LES, representing the Association of the ar-combatants of the Spanish Republic, spoke at a demonstration in front of the Spanish Legation in Guba held as a result of the execution of ten leftist underground workers in Spain.
 - b. "Son of Esteban" "Il each month. From Source A it is learned that:

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Series No. Time314 March 16, 1943

- (1) Y DOTEDAN VINA (nationality not given) was named Bearer by Janear 1 of the April 1919 LICENIA FURAPA FOR ALLEST TO THE PROPERTY OF THE PRO
- (P) RITY STEPAN (nectonality potociven) was the repercentally in Only of the William Could be a Title
- Yaparonia 178 in Mar: 2 in Apr. There is only one reserving water Might variety of considered to have any bearing on this item.
 - (1) SANTTING ON ANY MA UNITED W (ake Santiago PA FIRMAUS)
 a Consist of Santiago PA FIRMAUS)
 that time inter lift he lived in Santiago Re Cuba
 when he used to Macala to assist Francisco (Pancho)
 GANGTA GUNTARIU in work "of an intelligence nature"
 for the Spanish Front group, Sasa de la Sultura:
- d. Prostrum 170 in Mar: 188 in Apr. Source A reported:

 - TOA LIFE THE WAS SETING IN 1948 as first Vice Prosident of COURTE HISPAND OUBAND PRO HETUBLICAND ESPANDED IN JUNE 10 Avila, Cuba.

 JOAQUIN LOWINGO was a sailor on the wessel RIO NIGUEN in 1948 and was acting as a counter to Habana for the Spenish Communist Larry. This information, it was suated, was obtained from secret writings between one "PALAGIOS" in Buenos Aires and one four LURNO" in Habana.
 - Source B advises that According to official Cuben records, the vessel MED INCOME of Amgentine Registry has arrived at Cuca Daily once shade Total That was 19 April 1943. There is no record of the vessel having been here cry time in 1942. The prew list of the RIO NERVER less not carry the name of Joaquin LONDREO nor any name similar thereto.

MEGNETA" - 2 seeman, who usually makes trips to Guba, wild two conrades who are anti-com.
"PANCHO" - Surmary Jan-Ney 47. "To PANCHO Jan-Neb 9315.55.

In March 1947 it was reported by source A that Francisco (PANONIA PRODUCTION (see 3g(1)) had traveled In 1942 and 1943 from Cuba to Portugal (1)

> **-3**-SECRET

20-4-5-58

SECRET Cortes Wo. 1988-244 Narch 16, 1943

and returned; that he was an interligence agent working for the Epanish Communists in Duba and was in Helson contact with the Soviet Legation here. He was at that time reserved to be utilizing the services of a source named (1990) between Cabe and Prance.

Une 30 119 or biblioth, Gubon with Implit with the Republican array in the Spanish war and was with the Alerican Marchint morine during World War II was reported as concistly the same. However, it was pointed out that this individual is supposed to be enti-combined. In Laren 1947 he was employed on a viscel (summed) between Falladelphia and Colombia but he also came to Habana often. There is no further report in Sturce A files concerning identification of this individual.

- (2) See also 3d(2) above.
- f. "Exchange for Documentation of CHTTL 17.04 in May. On all of the American A reports:
 - (1) PULICITY TWO SOLD WA (probably Cuban though nationality not given) attended the national PSP training school. Was president of Socialist Committee of the first district of Camaguey Cuba.
 - (2) LUIS DEPIL (nationality not given) represented NUVLINGO'S TAMENTA PURPLANT DE DEPART in 1945 and has a member of the NUVLIND SHOOL OF Casa do la Cultura.
- g. "What They Send Us From Cuba On the Organization There". One of the family members is the inwriter of a mourned member... Marinear [IZUIIII] is who died nere!
 - (1) Maria GARCIA INQUINIDD was elected in January 1945 Secretary of Feminine Section of the CHYENTUD COMPATIENTED REPAIDIA DI CUDA.

4. Others mentioned in reference TXH-W-258 - MARIA ANDRIES, ANDRIES, CONCRITA, DULALIO, VICTOR, HUNTA - cannot be identified in any way with persons named in Source A files.

SECRET

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SECRET Sories No. 9101-744

5. In addition to the information outlined above, there have been gleened some details regarding lesser known openish communist groups and individuals. There are not included herein since the meager information available on them-which dates back two-four years-or the mere succlission of the names can serve little or no purpose at this time. In view of Hexico reports THM-377 and THM-336 concerning Carlos DIME SECTION no inquiry regarding him is being made here.

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DISPATCH NO. STTA-37/9 <u>Strukty informaci</u> Special Control US FURNISHED BOY : Chief, SE DATE: 5 Petruncy 195h INFO: Senior Representative FROM : Chief of Mission, SUBJECT: GENERAL- 101/1017.11. securic- /IBI Activities and Plans for 20 March 1954 ÆF: STTA-3697, cated lh January 1954 1. The following information was obtained dated 22 January 1954, made available by CEGFAL. (Evaluation is F). Date of information is 19 January 1954. 2. Riccardo GUFTER-WOUDFICH presided at an 131 meeting held on Yla Rismondo. Approximately thirty persons were present. COFFER-WOLDRICH told the students of "Giovane Italia" that it was inadvisable to demonstrate against the sentences imposed on students who participated in the November riots. Instead, he invited then to concentrate their efforts and attention on preparations for 20 March, promising that he would authorize student demonstrations on that date. 3. It is run med that a new clandestine organization, composed of approximately _ 260 youths who are members of the MSI and other parties, is being formed under Brano MASSITI Content: Bruno MARSETTI is possibly identical with This organization consists of action squais of twenty Salvatore (MARSETTI.) to twenty-five men, each squad being under one leader. PASSITI was expected to return from Rone during the weekend of 23-21 January with arms and funds for this organization. In the opinion these arms and funds are supplied by prominent Masons in Rome and Milan. ganization is being formed with the knowledge of OMPTER-ACCIDENCH, although the latter attempts to evade any responsibility therefor. b. The action squad leaders meet daily in different locations to discuss progress. At the present time they have no headquerters. Their principal task appears to be the formation of plans for demonstrations on 20 March. They state that 20 March will be their day of revenge against police. The following persons are leaders of action squads: Constantino DE MARCO Aurelia DIALMASIO Pasquale EUONATUTO Orazio ECECCLO SANNA (fnu), brother of Duilio SANNA Natale : A PatrioDicting) CLASSIFICATION ₽₽₽₽ 51-28 A

Scornery Enformation
Scorner Control
US Officials Only

STTA-3769 5 February 1954 page 2

> Constantino EE MARCO Aurelio D'ALESSIO Pasquale BUCMATUTO Orazio BOSCOLO (armed with pistol) SANNA (fnu) (armed with pistol) Natale ERA

Subjects discussed MACSETTI's trip to Roma. MAISETTI had left for Rome on 16 January, arriving on 18 January, and had telephoned Trieste that he would "bring back the goods." The meeting also discussed plans for demonstrations on 26 March. It was decided to use acid in small bottles in limited quantities against the police.

6. Dr. TEDESCHI (fnu), manager of the Ridotto in the Rossetti Theater, keeps KSI arms stored there.

Michael L. Rosemont

30 January 1954

Distribution:
3 - Headquarters

Secretly Information Secret Control ES Officials Only

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Attention: DYCLAMOR

Sturge Operational Pata and Companie:

SECRET COUTROL

SCURCE CHYPTOLYTTA

SECRET/CONTROL - U.S.OFFICIALS CHIY

43-7-24-1170

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28265-29 ang 52 El 2272 U

Date of Information

July 1952.

Country:

ITALY

Subject:

The S.T.I.M. Machine Tool Factory, MILAN.

Remarks:

Source: Bolieved reliable, based on

evidence.

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13-7-24-410

I G a L Y Footorie

The S.U.I.I. Dacking Cool Pantory, HILE.

Icontion.

1. The firm, which designs suchinery for construction in other factories, has its technical offices in Viels Johns 65 and its makes department in Via T. Pricco. 3, JULY.

Personalities.

2: The a major is (Dr.) OSSETHIO, a German and former manager of a German cachine tool factory. He is assisted by Ing. CHESCH and by other technicisms.

Production.

- 3. The Firm designs and/or products on a sub-contracting basis the following types of racchines :
 - bearing balls, cylindrical roller bearings, conical roller bearings, carried balls, external roller bearings, carried roller bearings, carried ball bearings, external and internal rings for ball bearings, saving needles, bicycle accessories, fount for typeariters, cecentric presses for hot and cold stamping, sandpapering cachines, special grinders, oscillating grinders, a lectors, rotary rolling wills, control instruments, productio havers, splining machines, rectifiers, presses, drilling medianes, polishing machines.
- 4. With the exception of some very small items, the machines designed by the firm are not covered by potents.

Destination of Outrut.

5. The firm's products are sold on the home market,

43-7-24-14

77.-Si Op. 38

BOT SECRET

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3/4618

FROM : No name, HAVANA. CUBA.

TO : SR. EVIS TEDESCRI, PICHINCHA 969, BUENOS AIRES, ARGENTINE,

28th July to 14th August 1942 : Spanish

6734

OPINION AND CONDITIONS IN SPAIR : PEPOPOS CO. ILED BY COMMUNISTS
FR N INTERVIEWS WITH PASSENCES PR N SPAIN.

14/50

This cover contains Reports Nos. 350 - 3, 355 - 8 and 371, compiled from interviews with remsons who have recently left Spain, and describe the attitude of the Spanish people to the war and to their Government, the extent of Garman penetration in Spain and of Spanish aid to the Axis, the activities and standing of political parties of the Right and Left in Spain, and general living conditions in the country. This group of reports contains ominions of both Communist and Falanist sympathisers.

PREVIOUS RECORDS:

586.

TRI.10901/42, TRI.116/3/42,

TRI. 24587, and TRI.14201/42 cover groups of reports on the same subject.

8/4555

covers a group of reports on the Spamish political scene, possibly from the same source as the above, which may be VICENTS URIBE, the Communist leader, whose headquarters are in CUBA. See also BER.14567/42, BER.14974/42, BER.19252/42.

Addresses, LUIS TEDESCHI, is shown by TRI.13828/42 to be a cover address for a U;D.E. (UNION DEMOCRATICA ESPANCIA) Manifesto sent from Cuba. He may also be the TEDESCHI, LSTADOS UNIDOS 8366, who is given as a cover address in the s.w message in TRI.14725/42 (secret).

REPORT No. 350

Results of our first conversation with a groung man from TORRED. VEOA, SANTANDER, about 28 years old. At the beginning of the war he was in the army in MOROCCO and spent the whole war in Franco's army. He comes from a family of small garage—owners. Noither he may of his family have belonged to any political party or syndicate although his sympathies have always been on the left.

SPANISH ATTITUDE TO THE REGIME AND THE WAR. - He says that the immense majority of the Spamish people is against Franco and the Falange, workers, peasants, employees, bourgeois, big and small and a large proportion of the soldiers and the Raquetes. He says that everyone hopes for the victory of the Allies. In it there is a blind trust, especially when the U.S. entered the war as the U.S. and England are the most powerful countries in the world, especially with the assistance of Russia. Only the Falancists desire and plan for the victory of Hitler, even though There are many Palangists too who take a very black wisw of him. He says the majority of people sympathise with England. They have complete faith in the Mictory of the Democracies. There are sup orters of the USSE, but the immense majority, according to our informant, do not like "commundam" and prefer Democracy. He is obviously rather muddled by the Falangist protagmeda against the U.S.S.R. He says that the entrame of the U.S.S.R. into the war gave rise to harpiness all over the world, although there had been a great deal of confusion before, through the "Treaty of Aid between Russia and Garmany." But this confusion disappeared with German aggression against the U.S.S.R. He says that the Garman defeats on the Russian front raised morals and renewed everyons is confidence in victory. Hitler's admission in his speech of how much they had suffered in Russia in winter, and that they were on the edge of catastronie. produced great joy mong the people. He says that the entry of the U.S. into the war cannot a very good impression; and increased people's confidence in wictory although Pearl Barbour cansed some demoralisation. Be says that no one wishes Spain to enter the war, except the Falangists. Franco does not wish it

and desires neutrality but since those who command are Serrano Sunar and the Falangists, Franco has no choice but to do what Hitler orders him, and there is serious danger of war for Spain. He says that the Anglo-Soviet and the Soviet-American pact are known through the Palangist press which has spoken of them. They made a very good impression on the people. Asked if he knew that the said pact stipulated that after the victory nations would have freedom to decide their destinies without foreign interference, he says yes, the press published it. About the Second Front he says that everyone thinks of it, and is hoping for it to o en if possible through Spain. That the day they disembark, all the people will rise. Asked what the people would do in case of a landing in France, he said that his o inion was that if that happened the Spanish people would rise, even though the invasion was not on their coasts. The agreement about the Second Front is also known. He says the people who are most fervent supporters of the Nazis are Sorrand Suner, Privero de Rivera, and a certain Count whose name he does not know. He often sgys that he knows nothing of politics, because he only read the sports news in the papers and did of want to know anything about the Falange. He says that there are many preparations for war; they are making fortifications on the coasts of Calicia and placing a considerable amount of artillery there. He says that the political force of the Falange and the syndicates is "artificial"; ev ryone hates them. The people belong to the syndicate occause they can't help it, but they do not pay their dues or take them seriously. Discontent has even reached the ranks of the Falange. Many clerks, atudents, and people was joined it thinking they were going to steal the music are now vary discontented, and do not pay their dues, and when they are threatened with being expelled they say that is what they are waiting for, for the Palange to play at "fisticuffs". There are many officers in the army who are not in agreement with the Palange or the idea that Spain is to go to war. The most valent op osition comes from Queipo de Llano and Yayue. No one knows where Queipo is going and Tajue is thought to be in exile in the Prov. of Pontevedra. Both were cashiered, Queipo for protesting against food leaving for Germany and Yague because in a speech at Zaragoza, he said - "we do desire a great and free Spain, but without any Elue Shirts, Red Shirts, or prisoners. "

All the sergeants say that they are very discentented, because they earn 5 pts. which keeps them very short and of the soldiers he says—min a word they are hungry, many years in barracks, and then the danger that they night be sent to war. He says that they are well-uniformed, just as well as before the war. They have dismissed the 1941 Draft. He thinks that there was very little sympathy for the Division Asul and the Deople laughed at those who volunteered. 40%—were forced to go, others went because they were hungry, and there were volunteers. He says that survivors came back in a state of panic, there was a lack of food and equipment, several of them mutilated themselves in order to escape from this inferno. All say that the Russians are very well—armed and fight with great courage.

HELP TO THE NAZIS. — He says that his opinion is that a great deal of food is taken to Germany, although he can give no details, but if there is no food and olive oil in Spain where is it? He says that in Torrelavega the "Fabrica Continental" is working at high pressure, making tyre covers, while in Spain transport is held up for want of them.

THE CHURCH. — He says that it is not true that in the Church there are antiGerman and Anti-Falancist groups. The supporters of the Regime are the Falance,
the Germans and the Clergy, in that order. The Church wishes for the triumph
of Germany, in spite of her anti-Catholic policy becames they believe that in
that case they will be able to preserve their position of influence. He says
that English and Russian news can be heard although it is very difficult and is
forbidden although there is no watch or inspection. He says that everybody is
against the Falance and submissions to Germany, including the monarchists and the
rich on whom the Falancists impose large fines for racketeering. Hany of the
monarchists, bourgeois etc. are on the side of England. Democracy is considered as
a possible substitute for the Regime. A democratic Republic like there was
before the war. A Regime of peace and work. Speaking of the solution of the
present situation, he says that they want a regime of peace and not a revolution.
There he contradicts himself by saying t sit will not be achieved by peaceful
means. He says that this would be the best but that the deaths, the betrayals, the
crimes must be avenced.

The people are very united and there are not the old differences between the parties of the Frente Popular. The policy of National Union is unknown, he has heard no one speak of it.

DETAILS F THE PEOPLE'S STRUCKER - He says that he thinks that secret organisations function, especially in Bilbao and he says particularly "It is a city of brave mon". He says that notices rainted on the walls are aften agen there. He only remembers one "Less Franco, more wite bread". Asked if the natices were signed by any party he says no, because it would give away the people who had done it. He says that he knows, because he was told, that in Bilbao there were illegal pamphlets and even a newspaper in circ lation, but he does not know their content. He thinks that there just have been a clandestine press, but as he was hever an idealist the people who did those things would not trust him, and as he is out of everything he does not know any details. He says he thinks that the people working in Tilbao are nationalists and communists, especially the latter. That a few enths age two Italian submarines, badly damaged by English planes, came into Santander. Two hundred persons were arrested for discussing this, and many people thought that the second front has already begun. He gives no more details. He says that Serrano Suner was the object of an attack in Madrid when he met Arress, and when the latter tried to protect Suner he was seriously wounded and had to undergo a critical o eration. Asked if he thought there was sabotage etc., he says no - the disorganisation of the train services is due to all the employees being new and not knowing their business.

QUERILLETOS -- He says that "El Carinoso" was working in Santander and "The Railwaymen" too; that "El Carinoso" came from Herranes and had his headquarters in Santander. That he was recently killed through quarrels and imbroglios caused by his sirlfriend who was from the J.C. and had another lover, and it was he who was arrested at the same time as El Carinoso. It was he who informed against them all. Many people love the Juerilleros, although there are many people who help them through fear, as for example a relation of his from whom they took his only fig, but in general the Guerilleros behave excellent ly. "El Carinoso" has once in Barcelona, where he went in a cab to get his teeth fixed. Kl Carinoso was not a politician but took to the mountains in order to avenge the death of his cousin who was assassinated by the Falange. That they often, like the guerilleros of Asturias, disguised themselves as Civil Guard, went down to the villages, and arrested the Falanists. But where there are Mak most Guerilleros, and the most active, is in Asturias. Six months aso. about three hundred guerilleros were ready to embark on the coast in order to leave Spain. But shere was a quarrel and a terrific fight between these guerilleres and the forces of authority, with many dead, and after that they retreated to the mountains. He says that the politicians kneezemen who are most po ular are Prieto and Azana. Some speeches of Prieto's have been circulated through Ribao. but he does not know what they say. There is also in circulation an article, reproduced from an English paper, reprinted by an employee in the Real Comp. Asturiana, de Inz. Republicana. The article refers to the powers and resources of the Allies and their chances of victory. He says he does not know of any activity of the communists, that this is obviously the activity of other people who are not communists; that for example the man who reprinted the article and those who read it were all on the Republican Left; and if there is any communist activity it is so camouflated that no one knows who is the author. He says that during the crossing they were detained by the English in Bermuda and in Baltimore by the Americans. That the English made a short examination, they did not interrogate them in front of everybody and left them the letters they carried. In Baltimore they were interrogated one by me and were asked about fortifications, food, if they sent it to Germany, etc. When our informant said he had been in Franco's army up to the war they asked himwhy he did not desert to the Republican army.

SOLIDARITY. — He says there is no organisation for solidarity, that this only exists between groups of friends who have a relation or acquaintance in prison. They are pot allowed to visit the prisoners more than once a week. He says that the killinggoes on, and that in Wog, a few days before he left, a lieutement of the Civil Quard was shot for having gone for a walk along "at his own risk".

REPORT No.351

MARIA RODRIGUEZ, about 29 years old. Comes from a confortably-off peasant family in the Province of Orense. She is very slugish and at every question receats that she does not know and that women do not understand many thin s. She had only a little more than an hour to spare as she was busy in the evening and had to leave for the interior in the morning.

WAR — She says that she was surprised when she arrived in Havana as she thinks there is more enthusiasm in S ain than here and more confidence in an American victory. The peasants "like everyone else" would like the "American" to win, even those on the Right are sure the Germans will lose. She cannot explain the nature of Franco's assistance to Hitler, she says only that "as it was the Germans who won, Spain owes them more than it has". She cannot be explicit, either, about the dangers of war, but she says that Franco's soldiers, the young men in general, and as a concrete instance a unther of hers who served five young in Franco's gray, manginat they will go up into the mountain and shoot before going again to the war. About the Division Azul she knows only that when it was first formed a volunteer left from her district. He was an outlaw who had committed crimes and she says that he went through fear of the consequences. The people do not like the filus Division. They were not asked for anything for the "volunteers".

FUTURE PROSPECTS - She insists that there is great confidence that it will soon change. So much so that a Republican who was hidden for years and afterwards discovered told her to tell her husband "Do not leave because things will soon change" The village has a hundred inhabitants, and she says that they all hope it will change; but from what we can gather this confidence is based entirely on an Allied victory. She says that if the English upened a second front in Spain the people would revolt, but she says she has heard no crinions on this point. The peo le speak mithout fear. She relates that the Falangists tried to take a pistol from her father and that he hid it. They threatened him, they took him in a car telling threatexdexement him that they were going to knock his head off, but the old manremained firm, telling them to do what they liked. They did not de anything to him nor did they get the pistel. As an example of solidarity against the Palange the old man said he had sold the pistol to a man who was going to America. They told him to prove it, the old brought as witnesses two peasants who lived more than a league away, without having agreed on a story first, but being quite convinced that the peasants when they saw the Falangists, if only for the sake of contradicting them, would say that what he said was true. A little later they sent him a notice for a Falangist meeting and he refused to go. She does not know if the other peasants did.

ARMY — She knows that a short time ago they dismissed the 36 (1936) Draft. Her husband was on service in Orense and deserted and went to Cuba. Immediately the Captain of the Company and a lieutenant went to him house to make inquiries. His brother told them "In his circumstances I do not know what I would have do no", and the captain and the lieutenant went away saying - "He is right".

PEASAMTS. — As we have already said, she belongs to a family which is comfortably off, they have several labourers in their employ. She says that the day la bourers, and the farmer are equally against the Gevernment and the Germans. To illustrate the situation she says that the daily wage is 20 pts. without food, and 5-with-food. They-all-prefer the 5 and food, because otherwise they have nothing to eat. The peasants are very discontented, and show it openly to the Falancist officials when they come to inspect the harvest and when they mix the prices, saying - They have no right to do it, it is an abuse, but it appears that it goes no further then this. They have not requisitioned anything but theyforce them to sell to the official buyers who issue permits to authorised buyers. These individuals take the produce to large shops and amass recal fortunes. A quintal of potatoes, they have to sell at 30 pts. and they are sold afterwards by the dealers at the standard rate of four or live ptas the kilo, that is to say at a 800% profit, to private people who require them. And if the peasants take their produce to the market they have to sell it at the standard rate to the dealers. Be peasant takes any rye to the market, they prefer to run the risk of selling it to private peo le. This is the only way in which they can

get other products. They have imposed a new tax; they have to pay 15 centimes for each vinestock. They have given up the "one-dish meal" and they are not forced to contribute to Auxilio Social. She says that the Tovernment does not know what is joing on in the country. They distribute the sulphate, not according to the number of vineyards, not even according to the number of inhabitants, so that her district which is wine country, gets less sulphate than the next one and produces very little wine, alth whit has more inhabitants. A kilo of sulphate is worth 39 ptas. - before it was worth 50 centimes. She says that they were taking a few things to america anothey made them pay in Fielato, in Orense, and in Viso, and if they and passed through more provinces they would have had to pay again.

REPORT No. 352

Information volunteered by three Galician easants, not members of political parties. They remained throughout the war in Franquist territory, although only one of them fought in the army. Very backward politically, anti-Franquist, and more anti-Falangist. Sith the exception of one who was in Asturias as a soldier, the others never left their village which is a hamlet in Galicia.

SPANISH ATTITUDE TO THE WAR ACAINST HITLE: — The majority of the Spanish people with the exception of the very rich and the Falangists are against Franco and the Falange. They explain that Falangists see what is coming to them through the crimes they have committed, and they are the people who really wish for a German victory, with the object of saving their skins, and the scney they have stolen from the people. In Spain, in general, no one wants the war, since they are exhausted, according to our informants, except for the Falangists. It is said that Franco is a partisan of neutrality, and daily visits the British Ambassador at his private residence and has interviews with him. In spite of this they say there is a danger of Spain being pushed into the war against her will, because in Spain the Germans are the masters. All the world believes that the Allies will be the victors except the Falange. Before the attack on Russia many people were demoralised by the German advances and began to Sthink them invincible. When Russia entired the war, enthusiasm and confidence in Ettler's defeat increased enormously, but that was especially when the Russian victories began.

They say: — I do not know what would have happened to us but for Russia; the Maxis would be masters of the world. They also say that the Maxi army will not stand another winter of war, that they have suffered such losses that the next Russan winter offensive will defeat them although there is no talk of a Second Front. They are sure that the Democracies will win the war. They admire the resistance of the U.S.S.R. They say that Germany has already lost the war as a consequence of the losses suffered in Mussia. The entrance of the U.S. into the war contributed to increase the already existing confidence in victory. They do not know of the Anglo-Soviet and Soviet-American agreements, nor the agreement about the second front. One of our informants asked us what "O Hitler 1942" meant and when we told him he said that they also said it in Spain, because in order to achieve it it was necessary to open a second front. They think that if there was a landing in France the people would rise. They also say that there are rumours that they land in Galicia and in this case thewhole of Galicia would revolt to help the Allies. The same thing would happen in any part of Spain.

The DIVISION AZUL* is hated by the majerity of the people. They say that the majority have been forced to volunteer, and explain how the recruiting is done. Anyone who does not want to go and fight Communism, take a step forward. Some enlisted because of the desperate situation they were in. Some enlisted, too, bec because they were stalwart Falangists. When the recruits left the province a great many people went to see them off, calling them "sons of bitches" and insulting their mothers. When one contingent of "Volunteers" came back from the Russian front at Irun they had to leave the train because the people were stoning them. Many people makkams came back maimed and with frostbite. They tall terrible istories about the Cermans and the horrors of the war. They say the Russians are very brave and fight with great courage. That they have large supplies of amountain, and that things on the Russian front are not like the papers said they was a They said that the food on the Russian front was very scarce and bad. It has sent to them from Spain and they suffered many hardships. They all wished to return to Spain as soon as possible; they repented of having enlisted.

** Tere hour for Hitler in 1942 .

HELP GIVEN BY THE TRANSPIRST REGIVE A'D THE FALANCE TO WITLER. - How and then they send reinforcements to the Division Appl, in groups of a thousand or one thousand five hundred. They say that In order to replace the casualties and tho those who return crippled. Even the Falanzists themselves say - "the Russian front is a vary serious matters. Those who are recruited to replace losses in Russia are recruited by force, by the process already mentioned. All airmen have to serve some months on the Eastern Front as "training". They say that lately they were training about 150 pilots to send them to Russia. The war factories are workingat high pressure. The Germans are directing the erection of an aerodrome in the province of Lugo. In Gal cia very few Jermans are to be seen. Military instruction is obligatory for boys and youths in the "Frente de la Aliventud". They elso train youths from 15 onwards to serve in aviation. A friend of the informants told them that there passed daily through a city in the North fifty care loaded wit war material in the direction of the French frontier. German submarines refuel at Redondela and Vigo. He says that English geroplanes often make recommaissance flights over the harbours of Galicia. They describe Serrano Suner as the most subservient to the Hazis and in general to the Falangists who have crimes behind them or who have become rich through roubing the people.

Those who go to work in Cormany are those workers who have nowork, or even if they have any live in the createst poverty. They believe that by roing to Germany they will be able to solve their economic situation and that of their families. The groups agent are not very large, according to our informants, at least in Galicia. This is understandable because the Germans prefer specialists. According to our informants, three workmen came back from Germany who say that in Germany the situation is terrible. They hardly eat, there is great poverty. They have the impression that Germany will not resist long in consequence of the situation there is in the country. They also say that a roup of Spanish workmen were thrown out of the country because "they caused trouble".

FRICTION BETWAEN THE RULING CLASSES — He does not know of any dissension in the army except the case of Tague and quelpo, and gives data which is already known. The soldiers in general are against the entry of Spain into the war... They live in very bad conditions, badly fed, badly clothed and ill-rested by the officers, especially by the recently recruited Falancists. They all wish to be demost ised as soon as possible. They have demobilised the '39 iraft. By their conversation we observe that the soldiers from the "national" and the "Red" zones receive different treatment. In Galisia there are rany soldiers from Cataluma who have already spent several years in the army. They do not take it difficult for youths of military age to leave Spain; they cited their own cases. One of them is 18, the other 24 years old.

THE PEOPLE'S PAST STANCE TO THE WAR AND THE FRANQUIST REJIES - They say that there is no resistance there at all, because no one can act, and passivity is the opinion and state of a nd of the people. When we insist they say there have been various train smashes and some derailments which they think were due to sabotage as well as to the defective material. Everyoody knows the British and Soviet war communiques and they are discussed in private conversation. Some people take them down in shorthand and later circulate them. He says that in Vigo there is a secret transmitting station, but it was discovered by the police and all those connected with it shot. They were said to belong to the republican Left ("Inggierda Republicans") and smong those shot there was one doctor and other intellectuals. He does not know any more details. Women couplain loudy in queues of the shortage of foodstuffs. He knows because the runnur went round there that Prieto made a speech in the White House before Roosevelt, and that Roosevelt embraced him saying that the Americas were behind the Spaniards. This speech too is circulating in clandestine copies, but he never could see one. He says that there is no organised political activity because this is impossible. He tells several jokes which are going the rounds, and quotes this one; - Recently they made a film called "We Thieves are Henest Men". Beneath the announcement of this film in Vigo, someone wrote "The Caudillo's Own Words". He says the press give most space to the English Far com uniques and the U.S. war news bulletins.

WHAT IS THE ATTITUDE OF THE PROPLE TOWARDS NATI NAL UNION. — Talking of Unity they may textually There, there are no parties, there are only anti-franquists, and all the differences between sections of the Popular Front have disappeared.

Lister is known and has a following in Galicia. The politicians with most prestige are Prieto and Asana and Negrin, although Negrin is the most hated by the Falangists.

FUTURE PROSPECTS. - He thinks of the Republic as the Regime to substitute for Pascism, but without a revolution, and he immediately adds that the Republic will come because when the Germans are at their weakest the whole people will revolt and avenge the crimes of the Falangists. The people's blood rises when they see those who assassinated their relations dressed up in blue shirts. The Falange consists only of professional assassins and robbers. Those who wear the shirt can be recognised by their faces. Those who joined the Falange at first now do not want to know anything about it, and do not want anyone to wear the shirt. There is friction between Requetes and Falangists. The people hate the Requetes less than the Falangists. They say that the schools teach only militarism and religion. There are many little boys who can hardly read, but who can speak of military operations with maps, artillery and aviation. A teacher who was dismissed and came back to his post, told our informants that the Ministry constantly senta them books of military tactics, so that they could teach them to the children. The summer camps for children consist of sending boys to camp and teaching them drill.

GENERAL SITUATION OF THE PEOPLE. - They spoke of the terrible powerty endured by the the people, and the high price of food; wages have hardly been raised in comparison with those paid under the Republic. The Committees of Supply get hold of agricultural products and only leave a small quantity per person for the whole year's supply. Already in their village the Falange had listed the crop although they had not yet requisitioned it, which they had already done in other parts of Galicia. Valangists speculate in foodstuffs, selling them at high prices and so get rich. He says that in Wigo a large quantity of rice went bad and had to be thrown into the sea because they would not sell it to the people at lower prices. The rationing is quite inadequate. They were a whole year without seeing olive oil. Esturally on the Black Market it could be bought at 50 pts and more. In a year they only had bread twice. A very small meal in a restaurant costs 16 pts. Two courses and dessert 25 pts. One of them was charged 75 pts. for eating and sleeping in a pension in Vigo one day. A pair of shoes costs 25 pts., a poor suit 500, a dozen eggs 18 or more pts. The people hate the Committees of Supply used by the Falangists to make themselves rich. They say that there is the greatest immorality in all official organisations and everyone steals.

In the prisons there are still many people. They treat the prisoners very badly. In the prison of Oviedo, which has a capacity for 600 there are more than 5.500 prisoners. There are batallions of forced labour (workers they call them); they grant some people conditional liberty but they send them to districts where they know no one and where they die of hunger.

Generally these three young men have great confidence in the victory over Ritler, and say Germany may break up this very year.

REPORT No. 353

Information volunteered by an em-Consular official of the Cuban Government in Spain, who arrived on the "Marques de Comillas" on the 25 th of July 1942. The subject is a person of quite good economic position. He is the sons of Spamiards and owns some properties in Asturias. He went as Consul te after France's troops had taken pessession of it. A man of moderate views, politically of the persuasion that was regnant there at the moment, he honestly believed, doubtless as a result of Falangist propaganda in America, that "Franquist Spain was a paradise". Later he had the opportunity of experiencing what Franquism represented, and still represents for Spain, and owing to his honourable behaviour as Consul he was often insulted and was even threatened with expulsion. He was closely connected with of icials of the Fascist Regime and with Falangists in high positions. His term of office, to use his own expression, was more suffered through his friends than owing to his position.

STUATION OF THE FRANCIST REGIES - 80% of the Spanish people are against the Franquist regies. Is says that to assess accurately the solution desired by this nizely rerest is very difficult. Some wish, specifically, for the restoration of the Republic, but he maintains that what everyone is longing for change in the Resime, smathing to relieve the really chaotic situation is a change in the meetre, exercise to rettarn who should be mader the Republic, and therefore when he taked with pouls they always underlined the enormous difference there was between that life and life under the present regime). The Falancial waity to be set to a myth. Division in the Franquist Camp grows daily. The Felencials with temperas in the streets and so do the Requestes, but their elegens are contradictory. The Falancists accuse the rest of being ours and walters to the doctrine of the Palance. For example, he talked to a Falanziat liquitanent - the new come from Cuba to fight at Franco's aide in the case the late begree in the late days before embarking. He seemed to be esheased of the present stimulian in Secin. He excused himself by repeating the Palenciat tes that the Falance had been betrayed. (This must refer to the immerchicle, bequetee, and other resolt marios). The Felengists are avers of the present situation in Sain. Surbape that is the reason why they are seeking a solution which will preserve their class privileges. In his own phrass - the Presquat regime teste from a very thin thread, which must emap very soon. (Perhare this is not only the view of our informatt, but also of some military and civil leaders with we so was closely connected). For this reason, be says, they have tried to give the impression of a change, taking advantage of the Cause Corporatives, and, if it is true, with the restoration of a Palengiet-Sparreby.

ON THE HORAKUEL - There is, he says, no public activity with this goal. There does not exist what we might eall paychological receptivity for this measure; but undoubtedly amentiations in this direction are buing emrise on by high officials of the Presquist Regime. He was in Madrid on the 22 - 25 June 1942, at the time of the visit of Don Juan. Els visit was not given any publicity, but there were widespress police precautions. The streets nearest to the palace were closed to the public and a strict watch was kept. There were also arrests of suspicious persons, those who had been in prison etc. But the press gave m sign. The presence of Don Juan was public property. The people seemed complately indifferent. The sonerchists displayed no activity either. Perhaps, he added, they took procestionary measures with some people characterised by their adhesion to the Emerchy. His impression is that if the monarchy were restored in Spain it would be in alliance with the Falangists, but the peorle would still have the impression that the situation had changed. He maintained that there would be the semblance of a coup distat, apparently directed against the Falance, but Franco would remain head of the army. If so, Shings would, fundamentally, resein two as they are; that is, the Spanish State would still be entirely subordinated to Hitler, and mithout changing the policy of "partiality" they now maintain, to one of Pacutrality in the war. They would take this step, in his opinion, only in the last resort, if faced with a second front in Europe, and on the approach of Ritler's defeat, which would, naturally have an immediate repercussion on the countries subject to the Hamis in Europe.

ON THE COMPLETE SUBSERVIEW OF THE FRANQUIST REGIME TO HITLER. - In Spain the Falsagists do not speak of their position of "Neutrality" in the war but of spartialitys. This is their attempt to justify the help they give to the Aris. There are Garman submarine refuelling stations in Vigo, Redondela, and on the Galician coast. This is public property, but every now and then the press publishes a complete demial that Axis submarines refuel in Spain. These demials are very frequent but they do not give much proof. Those who can see tenker-launches carrying on this work laugh at these ridiculous denials. Also on more than one occasion Garman submarines have been repaired in Spanish dockyards. In Calicia it is quite impossible to get a pot of jam. All the preduction, which is emersous; goes to the Germans. There are places on the frontier, through which trains pass with produce for Hitler. There are fortifications and artillery on the coasts of Calicia, where the Cermans are in command. There are also new aerodromes, some already find shed and some under construction by German technicians. They fear an Allied invasion in Galicia. Mitler is assisted not only with food and primary materials, but also with men.

There is continuous propagands for the sanding of volunteers as workers to Germany. Unwilling contingents of soldiers have left for the Blue Division.

THE DIVISION AZUL was a Falancist manoeuvre to give political importance to some Falancist leaders. The manoeuvre turned out very badly. This Division is the most unpopular innovation of the Falance. Our informant talked with il survivors of the division, who had returned from the Russian front on account of their wounds. One of them was 18 when he left as a volunteer, without the consent of his family. He asked if he would return to the front again and he answered categorically "My eyes have been opened. I will never return". They all speak of the bad food they are given - mainly vitamin pills and pots of jam. They speak of the courage and fighting spirit of the Russian army, but above all of the contempt with which the Ogrmans treated them. They regarded them as inferior beings and they also said that when they said compliments to the German women, a Spanish custom, they answered them disdainfully as if they despised them. There were cases of self-cutilation in the ranks of the Blue Mivision. At any rate their panic was obvious, and they refused to return. Everybody speaks ill of the Division Asul.

Its commander Minos Grande, is the most despised of soldiers. Countless jokes about this division circulate in Spain. Our informant knows several, but cites the following as an example which came from the Club Benevente—Arhiches etc. "KI Gato Megro" in Madrid. Minos Grande sent a telegram to the political address of the Blue Division at the front — this was the address; F.E.T. URSS M.G. The telegram arrived and no one could decipher it, but finally a soldier said — "This is quite clear", and rest the following words — "We were all deceived. Serrano Suner is the only one responsible. Many thanks". ("Fuimos enganados todos. Unico responsable S.Suner. Machas gracias").

ON THE DARGER OF WAR FOR SPAIN AT HITLER'S SIDE. - His impression is that Spain wil will continue to assist Fitler as she is doing now but that she will not enter the war. Some of the Generals are in disagreement with the present policy among them Varela, Aranda, Yague, Queipo etc. Among the soldiers the feeling against the Pascist Regime is very marked. They complain of bad food, treatment, clothes too much time spent on marches etc. Queipo, on his return from Italy was rude to Serrano Suner and struck him for which he was smat back to Italy. General Aranda spent a month at Gijon and talked to our informant. They had an interview. Our informant has a real admiration for Aranda, who, he says, is a gentleman. He says that Aranda appeared to be Laftist. Among his remarks he remembers the following words. We Spaniards are robbers. We are, and we have been for some time. If you walk through the Castellana of Madrid you will see the sumptuous palaces owned by Wewler (?) and Pramo de Rivera, etc. built wi with the blood of the Cuban people and the poor Spaniards who went to defend the Spanish colonies. The colonies were lost but the military leaders, whose duty it was to defend them, enriched themselves. How it is the same thing over again. We made a revolution in order to bring progress to Spain but we have spilt blood in torrents uselessly. The result was not worth the expense of so much blood and so much repression ".

In his conversation, although he said nothing against the Germans, he showed contempt for the Falangists who are enriching themselves; he shewed particular fear of the treatment meted out to the soldiers in barracks. His impression is that it was a result of the seriousness of the situation through which the Franquist regime was passing and fear of what the outcome might be. He said nothing about the state of the war, and whether he was a partisan of England. In the conversation he had with the General It is possible that there was another aspect, which through discretion he did not repeat.

HUNGER SITUATION. — The situation has become noticeably worse during the last months. For several months already the rationing has been practically mil. The rich buy everything on the Black Market. Our informant, with his wife and five children spent from 9.600 to 10.000 a month on food alone. He says that during the year his expenditure on feed — he does not drink nor smoke — was 120.000 pesetas. Of course he had a special clothes budget — 600 pesetas for a suit and 180 to 200 for a pair of shoes. When asked how the workers live who earn 19 to 15 pts. salary or perhaps less, he says very badly. They do not eat, and adds that besides they cannot earn more. Is the workers and the people in general had a greater purchasing power, life would be impossible in Spain as they

would also buy on the Black Market and no one would eat. Therefore the privileged classes can eat, and they can only do it if they have a fortune. They accuse the Falangist leaders and the Government of racketeering on the Black Marketes. Demense fortunes have been made in a night. They go tobed poor and wake up millionairess This is the only explanation of the fact that one is allowed two packets of tobacco at 0.90 per person per week, and in the Compania Arrenditaria de Tobacos, which is a state monopoly, one person can buy from 100 to 10,000 packets of the 0.90 at 7.50 a packet. He also relates the following instance. Petrol is scarce in Spain. A litre costs 15. pts. Cars frequently stop in the streets for lack of it. He cites a case which happened in the spreet of Gijon. A distinguished military personage had no petrol He saw a tank-convoy of Campsa pass and asked the chauffeur for a few litres, and when he refused, he ordered them to give it to him, as a superior officer. The chauffour refused again, and in a panic explained that he could not do it because he was not carrying petrol but clive oil, without being able to explain which military leader or leaders it was destined for, although he knew it was to be sold/contraband.

SITUATION OF THE PRISONERS. - He cannot calculate the number of prisoners there are actually at the moment although he asserts that it is at any rate enormous. by reason of his position he has vis ted prisons and fortresses, and is terrified at the terrible treatment in the "Comisarias" Civil Guard barracks etc. On more than one occasion he says he has saved more than one Republican from ortain death. The prison that he knows is the Coto at Oijon. It is at the moment completely full. The treatment is inhuman. They do not give the prisoners a call number but allocate them only a square meter for sleeping, standing etc. That is to say that when a prisoner arrives he is given a metre of ground. Nor do they give them a mess. Lately they agreed to give them a pesseta dely for maintenance. He does not understand why there are not more deaths, as with one peseta a day in the prison canteen one can only buy bread. They gook the miners who were prisoners to camps so that they could work in the mines. They gave them 50 was. day wages for bachelors and a peseta for a mile and 50 cts. for each child, to the married ones. They keep them working ten and twalve hours dgilly in the mine. The number of shootings has diminished. It is imputed to the fact that "almost all must have been tried".

THE CLYRCY — He says that the clergy have never intervened in politics from the pulpit as much as they do now, sometimes inveighing against the Franquist Gevernment, and at other times, naturally, defending the policy of the Falange. Humbers of the priests and monks continually excound their view on the political regime and the points on which they differ from it. As a characteristic example he relates that about two months ago in Gijon there was a house used provisionally as the Church of San Jose, which was destroyed during the war. A priest, professor at Salamanca, gave five lectures. In these lectures he spoke almost exclusively on political questions, and attacked the Franquist Government for their method of supply and distributing the foodstuffs among the people, saying that what was wanted was more rationing and less Franquist regulations. He also savocated the necessity of a pardon for all condemned people and other things that our informant does not remember. 500 people went to the first lecture, but is the second one, when they heard what the subject was, was attended by literally all Gijon.

RECONSTRUCTION.— Reconstruction is only done as a matter of private enterprise by proprietors and churches. In Madrid, the Montana barracks, the prison, the workers districts, damaged by the bombardments, remain as they are. Nothing has been rebuilt. The Arguellos district has been partly rebuilt. Every owner has taken in hand his own property. The Franquist reconstruction policy is a myth. The people mock at it and make jokes, among them the following - In dijon they maked erected a building marked "Reconstruction Office"; in the hallway there were two doors, one marked "for partial destruction" and the other "for total destruction" So a well-known Isturian who was visiting the office about his house which had been partially destroyed went into that department. Once inside, there were two more doors - "for those who have some resources, and for those who have nots."

We went through the first door, there was another room with two doors - "for those who have some resources," He went through the second door and found himself in the street.

PACTS ABOUT PEGISTARCE. - In Spain acts of sabotage are carried out on the rails ways, factories, etc., although he cannot decide whether these are organised actions decreed by illegal organisations of Spanish Republicans or are spontaneous acts of workers who are enemies of the Falangist regime. He does not know any concrete instance of the activity of the workers organisations, C.P.S. etc., but when he was in Madrid on the 22nd and 23rd of last June, there was a film on called "We Thieves are Honest Mens. There were thousands of lampoons done on that, some very claver and suggestive which were scattered throughout Madrid. According to our informant, one day the lampoons appeared printed in the same type lettering as the joster, with the following - words of the Caudille, from a recent speech". For tils reason there were arrests and a number of beatings in Madrid. He also saw how the people had lost their fear. In the Gran Wa in Madrid a man cried out that he was not only red but communist, and he could not endure this any more. Apparently the people told him to be silent but he did not take any notice. The R.A.F. bombardment of Cologne, which was known in Spain from the English beardcasts, was celebrated almost all over Spain by the people who stayed up much later than the usual time in the streets, drinking in bars, etc. He says that even the police took part as they are largely Anglophile.

GURRILEROS — Es says that there are many in Asturias; there is a state of war. There are Moors and the Tercio! The guerilleros appear occasionally in the villages and avenge the deaths of anti-Fascists who have been murdered by the Falange. They take food and clothes. Once his car was stopped by a group of them in the street of Llanes. They were dressed as Falangists. Ehen he showed his papers as Consul of Cuba and proved he was not the previous commul Pena, a known Falangist, they saluted him and said — "Long live the people of Cuba". He says that although they behaved correctly he was rather afraid. He knows that a short time ago the guerilleros of Caspecase had Tight with the Civil Guard and killed several people, among them some well known Elangists in the district. It appears that the Guerilleros are magnificently armode

FUTURE PROSPECTS. — He believes firmly that Hitler will be defeated this year. He has great faith in the people of Spain and France, etc. Hasi-dominated Europe will arise, since this lafe cannot continues "even one winter more". He is confident that the U.S.S.R. will not be defeated; on the contrary the Seviet battlefronts will be the end of Hitlerism. He believes that England and the U.S., in opening a second front, will count on the help of peoples eppressed by the Hasis, in France or in Spain, and things will move rapidly. The Spanish people was waiting for the invation of the Allies in order to take ares in the streets against their rulers. The Spaniards trust in the Allies and hope that the Second Front will not be long delayed. Soviet and English broadcasts archistened to; they follow the progress of the war. They hate the Germans and the Italians. These who before supported France are now his enemies and partisans of the defeat of Hitler. The Spanish people hope to escape from this situation by the defeat of Hitler and trust in the Restoration of the Republic.

Cuba. - 28.7.42.

REPORT No. 355

ARGEL MARTINEZ, 26 years old, is a student from Bilbas. He is not a consistent Pascist or anti-Fascist either, as his opinions/Tather confused.

SPANISH ASSESSEE TOWARDS THE WAR. — He says that no one speaks of the war because they take the view that Spain will not enter it. All the world thinks that Germany will lose the war because her enemies are very strong. He says that nothing is said about the second front. About the Blue Division he says that the people are against those who went to Russia, chiefly because they think them mad. He takked to a friend of his who came backfrom Russia, who was thoroughly glad to be back. He said that our entire war was child's play compared with this one and the way the Russians fight. He says that some leftists werein the Division through hungar, and some were Falangist adventurers, and in spite of its being said that all are volunteers it is obvious that many were forced into it. He says that in the Gibraltar demonstration, there were

only four Palangists, who do not know what war means". In general he pretends to be slow and tries to set out of the questions with trifling answers. We think it is because he feels constrained by a Falangist who is with him. He declares that he is against Serrano Suner, but he says he is quite favourable to Franco occause he promulgates laws which favour the people and is a partisan of neutrality besides. When we give him examples, especially that of the Blue Divison, to show him what Franco's neutrality smounts to, he maintains that they are all volunteers. He says they are always speaking in favour both of Germany and the Allies, because Franco wishes to stand well with both sides. He says that when the state of enon-belligerences was established the people were content because before that they were afraid of being involved in the war. This fear, he says, is not so strong now, Then asked what he would do if he were in Spain and the Spanish people were involved in the war he answered - "I would go to the mountains or spend a bulled on the first officer wm tried to force mes. He says that many Spaniards would do the same if Spain were forced into the war, because it would be so terrible.

SUPPORT GIVEN BY THE FRANQUIST EMBLES TO HITLER. — He does make know the proporations of this assistance but he says that volunteers continue to leave for the front. In the same way he thinks that if the Ogreans did not take provisions from Spain all the needs of the country would be supplied. With this idea he complains against the Ogreans and against Serrano Suner above all. Falangists in uniform are now only seen in parades.

FORICRS FOR GERMANY— He says that a few months ago they sent a great quantity of workers to Germany. They were almost all Galicians, and very few from Bilbao. A little later they were returned because "they were being deceived", "getting into difficulties". When he was asked to be more precise he said that when they got to Germany they asked to be returned to Spain, and so they did with almost all of them.

TEPROS — He says there are no persecutions or executions. Then the execution of Larranaga was mentioned he said that the people had no knowledge of these crimes. About the refugees he says that the people talk of their issturning to Spain when the war is over.

FRICTION — On this point, without being questioned, he says that the Paquetes and Falangists cannot meet, because when the two parties were amalgamated the Requetes were pushed into the background, and that is the reason they prefer the monarchy. On this point he says that he has heard nothing about the restoration nor about the differences between certain leading factions in the armye

RESISTANCE. — At first he said that no one speaks about the war or any other problems because the people are afraid. But afterwards he said that people remamber the Republic and how well they lived them. His does not report any example of remistance to the war. He says that the Mationalists have a lot of influence, but not so other parties, among them ours. Prieto has no influence dither. In general it is obvious that he is ignorant of many things or does not dare to speak of them.

UNITY - All the anti-Fascists are united, but he gives no details.

FUTURE PROSPECTS — When the war ends with the victory of the Allies Franco will fall, and he thinks that the Republic will return. He thinks it will happen soon because the situation is unbearable, although "there is no need to think of Revolution" He says that if the Germans invaded Spain the people would rise. As we said, he is studying for his bachelors degree. His matriculation costs, including the price of books, about 500 pts; before it used to cost 200. He says that studying has become very difficult. He says that all students belong to the S. 2. U. although it is not obligatory, but they are coerced, and they join in order to be in a good position.

ON CONDITIONS OF LIFE — He explains that in the rationing they allow a K. of po atoes per person a week, a quarter litre of live oil, 200 gr. of vegetables etc. He one can live on that except those who have a let of money; the rest go

hungry. The workers, who are paid the same salary as before, cannot afford to deal on the Elack Market and he says that there have been cases at altos Hornos where workers have fallen dead from hunger at work. This causes discontent although it is not openly expressed. How they have appointed wardens in the factories in Bilbse, and the workers receive larger rations. Here he is contradicting himself, because sometimes he says that these wardens were demanded by the workers (which would be a demonstration of resistance) and sometimes he says that the directors asked for them. He says that in spite of everything he cannot understand why when food production is on the increases the workers are so badly fed. Later he says that they watch them closely and force them to work without ceasing. He relates (althoug) we know no details) that the middle class does not feel the pinch like the workers.

POSULAR ORGANISATIONS. — They exist just as they did before. He cites the Club and auchu which organises excurations. These organisations are not controlled by the Falange. Young people are as gay as before, and dance and ge to the mountains.

ARMY — He refers above all the discontent of the families because their sons have to spend four years in the army. He says that they demonstrate their discontent and that they all want to be demohilised. But this open discontent is confined, he says later, to private conversation.

REPORT No. 356.

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LEIS FREADER - a Mexican student, who has always lived in Cijon, Spain. He family is comfortably off and he is going to Mexico to join his father as he lived on what his father sent him in dollars and when this was forbidden he decided to leave Spain. He is an ardent Falancist. He is ignorant of all problems of the working and middle class. He only associated with people who were very well off, and especially with Falancist students. He is very cultured.

We says that he was in Odjon at the beginning of the war and remained there till now; as he was a Mexican he was no lested by neither party.

HUNGER -- He roundly asserts that there is no hunger, only a scarcity of certain articles. That with ratioming "there is not enough for one mouthful" but that he never felt the want of food. That the clive oil ration is 1/8 of a litre every 15 days, and so on for all other commodities. That the rationing of bread (black bread, since white can only be got on the Black Market) is arranged in three categories, and for that there are three classes of fards - poor, middleclass, and rich. That the ration of the poor is larger, as they have less money for buying on the Black Market. That at Belmonte, Asturias, the rations are double what they are in Cijon. That rationing is different in each province, and even in different places in the same province. He says that no one is interested in politics, that everyone's daily preoccupation is food. He says that wit used to make him laugh to see well-to-do old peoply who in all their conversations spoke of nothing but the price of beans and bread etc. " When he was asked for facts he says that it is obvious that the poor (by which he means the workers) who earn 10 or 12 pts. cannot buy anything contraband and live on their rations, which causes them to suffer somewhat from hunger and be very discontented. He says that the fix hunger is caused by the war and the blockade, because as soon as the Spanish war was over there was abundance of everything and free exchange, and as soon as the European war began there was scarcity and rationing. He also says at the same time that the cause of the scarcity is that the Government has bought thousands and thousands of tons of food in case the situation gets any worse. That this is good policy of the "Generalissimo test and that the Palange is doing a lot of propaganda, saying that it is much better to keep the food now, when a lot is coming from Argentine and the U.S., than to eat it now and then if the situation gets worse, have nothing. That the people who are "good stuff" accept it, but most people protest and complain. He says that mother cause of hunger are the Provisions Committees, which, like those of Oijon, are composed of bandits who sell as contraband the articles they are supposed to divide among the population.

RETRANCE INTO THE WAR - He says that Spain will not enter the war, that this is the opinion of everybody. That all approve the foreign policy of the Government,

which is wary intelligent, as it knows how to maintain a balance in the situation and remain neutral. He says that the Spaniards are very favourable to Germany because they could have penetrated into Spain and taken Gibraltar, thus closing the Editerranean to the English, but that it is a German idea that one west be pleasants. After arguing a little with him I said that Germany might not have invaded Spain because she was not interested in dispersing her troops, considering that she needs them all for fighting against Russia. Later he confessed that all the Spaniards would fight against the Germans in case they invade Spain because the Spaniards are very fond of their independence, and would fight anyone who wished to enter Spain. The Spanish Government is a partisan of neutrality and the immense majority of the Falange think that Spain should send volunteers to Bussia but and onter the ware because they do not know that many thousands of Spaniards would be killed.

PRIPARATIONS FOR THE WAR. — He says that in Spain such petrol has been stored and that new tanks are under construction. He says that this too wis time being kept for the bei times, and in case enyone tries to invade Spain the '59, '40 and '42 drafts are mobilised. The '41 draft has been sent home. The '42 draft was called up with a three months delay. They spend two years in military service. There is also a pre-military service for Youth Ofganisations. This is not obligatory but it is sounted as time spent in the service and for that reason every one does it.

INVASION — He says that there are no Cormans in Spain. He has seen none and so on. If there are any they are disguised as peasants. He is not certain that they are making fortifications in the north of Spain. Illijon is in fact defended by two ships, one of them a "sulta-taces" and if there was an English invasion there whiley would be the masters.

HEIP TO THE HAZIS. — He says that it is not a fact there are more factories in the north of Spain which were not there before, and they do not work for the Germans. Int the Cermans say in their propaganda that they mean to suspend armament manufacture, because they have enough. That Cermany is selling a quantity of war material to Turkey, which is a proof that they have no need of it, therefore armaments are not manufactured in Spain nor exported. But he takes the opposite view, that Epain receives material from Germany; there are frequent consignments, mostly tanks. What Spain does seed, not, was some say because the Germans take it, but because the Gevernment gives it bery willingly, is food. Every day many loaded open cars leave Spain and the people talk of it and are dis contented, but those are only those who which their stomachs.

DESPATCH OF WORKERS. — He cannot be accurate about the quantity but many thousands have gone, all volunteers. He says it is quite natural for a man with no food or job to go there wherethey eat well and can send money home and because all the "poor" are like that. That is the reason they "go as volunteers and are gled to better their position".

DIVISION AZZI - 40,000 went, all volunteers, among them some quite well-known people and distinguished Falengists. The number of volunteers was so great that they had to close the lists and there are many thousands still w siting for their turn to go when they send reinforcements. In April 3,000 who had been r relieved come home, that they were all very happy. He had many friends who had gone and others who were ready to leave Our informant asked them if they had had many losses but the legionaries said that this was a lie, they had had very few deaths. There had been many wounded, to the point that not one of them had not been-wounded-at-least-once. All those who come home have been wounded. They say that it is very cold but they stand it very well and are much congratulated by the Germans. They wear the German uniform and the red cap. They say they behaved adreellously in Russia and gave the Russians a besting. That the Russians are brawe, that is why they attack them from behind, but that they do not know how to fight and do not have good efficers, although they have an abundance of material. They attack in mass formation and do not care about them losses, so that very few reach the trenches." That men of the division always fought in a numerical superiority of ten to tone and caused the Russians many losses. They were congratuated by the Hasis and often appeared in the German war communiques. That on occasions they established a salient on a river and remisted for more than ten days, that as they fought they sang and sang and that many Spaniards

had been decorated with the iron cross. Our informant thinks that they have more losses than they confess to (all tose he spoke with were Falangist students), and that in the casualty lists published only the names of the most important are given. In Spain everynne admires the courage of the Legionaries and praises them twice as such as the Unreans do. He insists that they are all volunteers, and says in his own words - "a few idealists and the rest, the immense majority, because they were in a bad resition in Spain and could get not work or food. They went into the Div. Axul in order to earn a good living because they are paid at the Cerman rate and a war bonus, plus an allowance and large indemnity in case of deaths. Besides, if they are brave they can desert, when they go on leave they have millions of pts. in their pockets and can "put on airs and pose as heroes in their uniforms He says that although the lists are closed. and their iron crosses in Spain". there are thousands who are ready to leave at a day's notice, and that he "knows several. " They said they celebrated Christmas very happily in February as they sent them tobacco and food from Spain.

Es says that in Spain there is a lot of talk about the war, although no one bothers about politics at all now, and only gout food. There are all sorts of parties, partisans of the Allies and the Germans, and among his friends the people are mostly partisans of the Germans; he also thinks the majority of Spaniards are on the side of the Germans and emong the 150 in his university hall only two were partisans of Democracy and they had fierce arguments in loud voices until the director came. The partisans of the Maxis maintained that anyons who wanted England to win was not a Spaniard because if the Democracies win Prieto will come back and all the Reds of the Republic, and there will be a government of Leftists and in this fashion they attack the defenders of England. The students say — we are very fond of Germany, because she helps us to be free of communism and is now defending us against it. * He says that this appeals to many people who also hate communism.

SECOND PRONT. — He says that no one believes it will be established. The Germans cannot invade England, nor can the English invade Europe. All Spaniards would unite to defend themselves from the English. They would do the same if the Germans invaded Spain.

OF THE WAR.— He said that the Spanish idea was that it would last five or six years and that when they were all exhausted there would be an armistice or negetiated peace. This is the opinion of the people on the Right and the Falangists; he does not know the views of the rest. France said in a speech—"If the Russigns make a breach and arrive at Berlin, he will send two million men to fight communism". They do not attack the Republicans much, but blame the Russian agents and the Communists for all that is happening in Spain. He says that in Hendaye there are hundreds of aero lanes and many fields full of tanks. The Germans have war material on the frontier in fantastic quantities. He thinks that is in order to be in a position to assist either France or Spain if it were necessary.

FRICTION — He says that there are no disagramments between the Requetes, Falangists or Catholics; they are all united, and if there were any friction there are no scenes or quarrels between the "Generalisaino" would shoot them.

FRENTE DE LA JUVENTUD. — He says that it was a failure, that at the beginning many people were excited by the propaganda, then they got tired and practically the Youth Front does not exist.

STUDENTS. — These-are-all-minux-very harpy to be members of the S.E.U. because they avoid military service. The S.E.U. is obligatory. They only corps they have to belong to is the University Hilitia. In summer they go to camps where they have military instruction and are commanded by students who are officers with some officers from the Army.

RESISTANCE OF THE PEOPLE — There is none at all. In Spain there is a totalitarian Government favourable to the Germans. In totalitarian countries there are no protests or any resistance because anyone who resisted would be shot. There are discontented people but they are silent, they do: not speak because they cannot. I have seen no inscription the walls of dijon, the only thing there are a few robbers, the so-called Guerilleros, who rob, kill

and assassinate. Three months ago at the Puerto de Somiedo, they machinegunned a bus with travellers in it and the Civil Duard retreated. They are assisted by the discontented peasants and their families. If they came to Pranco, with their hands free of blood, he would pardon thems.

TENDOR — At the beginning they shot many people, especially to pay off personal scores. Now it is done through the tribunals. It is a fact that shooting continues, but only for those endeamed to death.

FOTURE PROSPECTS — Perhaps the end of the war will solve all these problems, The Governments of Spain will impose peace, law and order as soon as the war is over.

RESTORATION OF THE HUMARCHY. — All a lie; all respectable people support. France and the disagreements there are between the parties do not constitute a problem.

DISAGREMENTS IN THE ARMY — He says there are none. Queipo was sent out side Spain diplomatically, as a drunkard and a rescal, as all the army is with France and Hitler, who have saved Spain and Burope from Communism.

PRODUSTRUCTION— He says there is a lot being done in the way of reconstruction. In Oijon they have built hundreds of new houses and the town is wery much changed. The people who have money are afraid it will lose its value, daily, and either build or use the money for business.

4.3.42.

REPORT No.357

JCSE PAGOS, a peasant, resident in Cuba for 11 years, returned to Spain in 1940. At that time he was a Franquist. He is very backward and extremely suspicious. At first he refus ed to speak, especially when he was told that he must talk to a journalist. He knows very little, since he lived in a small village in the district of Estrado and only left it to embark. He often mays that he knows nothing, and can only give information about his village that is not political. Is a rederate anti-Falangist, and continues to defend Franco, of whom he has a high opinion, in many instances. The first thing he asserts is that in Spain there is not so much hunger as they say here. There is a scarcity caused by the war but it is just the same as it is everywhere, those with money eat and those without go hungry. It is not true that they requisition the peasants' cross, at least in the part of Spain he knows. He says that everyone says in Spain that they control the crops, and even if they force them to sell at the standard rate they leave the peasants enough to eat. It is obvious that everyone makes fun of the order and hides the produce "but it is not that they requisition them, but that the Government controls produce and they have to sell it at fixed rates." He says that he has a brother in the gray and the soldiers are very well fed. The field is well prepared but rather scarce. In Estrada they get the immest two regulation loaves just as before the war, but in Coruna bread is scarcer in the barracks. What everybody wants is for the war to end, anyhow, what is wanted is peace and tranquillity. When asked about the second front he says everyone is hoping for the English to come and give orders in his house but when the people are so anxious they want something to happen to change the situation and see if it improves. On further questioning he confesses that 90% of the population are against Franco - not on his own account but on account of the hunger and misery there is.

There is no repression. People are only executed legally, through the tribunals.

He says that no one wishes Spain to enter the war, and France, wif he could, wor would have bean on the other side already, but as he has the Germans on the frontier he cannot do it. The rich and the menarchists are discontented, and there are many people who were deceived and do not like the present regime.

Asked whether the people support the Germans of the Allies, he says - some on each side. A little later he says everybody hates the Germans and is afraid of their encroachments except the Galangists.

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THE DIVISION AZUL, he says was voluntary, at least "the papers say so although I do not knows. (His most frequent phrase is "the papers say so but nobody knows "). He asserts that there were many volunteers and one went from the municipal government of Estrada, his village; he was the assistant to a high official. He does not know anything about the survivors. Es gives the address of a Cuban who arrived in the "Comillas" with an asputated foot, a volunteer in the Blue Division. (The father of the legionary, when questioned at the port, said he was lame through an accident). He confirms the stories about Queipo and Tague, In Vigo he heard the following story - The Governor of Burges was imprisoned for black marketerring and a son of his, a lieutenant in the army, went to Madrid to see Serrano Suner, who refused to see him and told him to see his secretary; the lieutenant refused and was referred to the Aide-de-Camp. The Aide-de-Camp unfortunately asked him what he wanted and the Governor's son said - "I wanted to put two bullets in S. Suner, but as I can't I'll put them in you instead ; he shot him and left him dead.

In Figo a bad meal cost him 20 pts. He does not know anything about it, but the people say the Germans take everything. When we ask his opinion about the scarcity of rice, olive oil, etc. he ends by saying that he thinks too that the Masis take it.

FUTURE PROSPECTS — He says that any regime will do as long as it is not this one. No blood to be spilt and "those in the wrong" to be pardoned. There are sany people in the wrong who joined Franco, but have now repented. He says that those people fear the fall of Franco because there would be retribution, and many people would be killed, but if the Republic could come without bloodshed everyone would be delighted.

A cow is worth 5.000 pts. The Civil Quard turn a blind eye to the contraband sales of the peasants because it suits them.

REPORT No.358

Report from a youth of 17, a Cuban, born of Spanish parents, who was living in Santander for about ten years with his grandmother. He has no political convictions and in some respects is rather influenced by Haxis and reactionary propagands. He is quite a wide-awake intelligent boy. He talks with no reservations and seems to be telling everything he knows.

ATTITUDE OF THE SPANIARDS TO THE WAR AGAINST HITLER. - He says that in Spain there are two parties, one which supports the Ogrmans and Wishes for their triumph and the other which sympathises and hopes for the victory of the Allies. En the first class S. Sumer stands out, it includes all the Falango, some generals, and the middle class, government employees etc. The other class includes the majority of Requetes, the rich whose money is in London, the workers, and all the poor in general. Eg says that in Spain it is only permitted to speak in favour of the Germans, and that the partisans of the Allies speak in favour and among trusted friends. With the passage of time, owing to the German campaign in Russia, which the Falangists said would end in a week, there is growing a loss of confidence in the German triumph, both among the partisans of the Allies, who were dispirited at the beginning of the Russian campaign, and among the supporters of Germany themselves. He says that in Spain, except for a couple of Falangist fools, no one-wants-the-war, not-even-the-army chiefs, much less the soldiers. - Hereally thinks that if they gave the order to march, no one would protest, but he does not insist on what would definitely happen. The German defeats in Russia, which are considered very important in Spain, have greatly contributed to raise the morale of the enemies of the Falange, who are now resisting it openly. (He refers to the Requetes and in gummix general to the partisans of England who are very muserous). The entry of the U.S. into the war was not considered very important, because Garman propaganda, which is very widespread, says that the submarines sank all the ships which came to Europe and that there was very little use in producing a quantity of war material if it never reaches Europe. He adds that the people realised that the Cormans were

and assassinate. Three months ago at the Puerto de Somiedo, they machinegunned a bus with travellers in it and the Civil Quard retreated. They are assisted by the discontented peasants and their families. If they came to Franco, with their hands free of blood, he would pardon thems.

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There is no repression. People are only executed legally, through the tribunals.

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Asked whether the people support the Germans of the Allies, he says - some on each side. A little later he says everybody hates the Germans and is afraid of their encroachments except the Malangists.

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FUTURE PROSPECTS — He says that any regime will do as long as it is not this one. No blood to be spilt and othose in the wrong to be pardoned. There are many people in the wrong who joined Franco, but have now repented. He says that those people fear the fall of Franco because there would be retribution, and many people would be killed, but if the Republic could come without bloodshed everyone would be delighted.

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ATTITUDE OF THE SPANIARDS TO THE WAR AGAINST HITLER. - He says that in Spain there are two parties, one which supports the Ogrmans and wishes for their triumph and the other which sympathises and hopes for the victory of the Allies. Buthe first class S. Sumer stands out, it includes all the Falanga, some generals, and the middle class, government employees etc. The other class includes the majority of Requetes, the rich whose money is in London, the workers, and all the poor in general. Eg says that in Spain it is only permitted to speak in favour of the Garmans, and that the partisans of the Allies speak in favour and asset trusted friends. With the it is only permitted to passage of time, owing to the German campaign in Russia, which the Falangists said would end in a week, there is growing a loss of confidence in the German triumph, both among the partisans of the Allies, who were dispirited at the beginning of the Russian campaign, and among the supporters of Germany themselves. He says that in Spain, except for a couple of Falangist fools, no one wants the war, not even the army chiefs, much less the soldiers. He really thinks that if they gave the order to march, no one would protest, but he does not insist on what would definitely happen. The German defeats in Emssia, which are considered very important in Spain, have greatly contributed to raise the morale of the enemies of the Falance, who are now resisting it openly. (He refers to the Requetes and in guardix general to the partisans of England who are very numerous). The entry of the U.S. into the war was not considered very important, because Garman propaganda, which is very widespread, save that the submarines sank all the ships which came to Europe and that there was very little use in producing a quantity of war material if it never reaches Europe. He adds that the people realised that the Cormans were

exaggerating, since in the Russian Campaign they said that the Russians were defeated already and nevertheless months passed and the war went on. Our informant did not know the existence of the Anglo-Soviet and Soviet-American pacts, although he heard some agreement spoken of, but he never knew exactly what it was. There was a lot of talk about the second front, and it is thought it will be in France. When asked what, in the event of the English landing in Spain, the attitude of the people would be, he says he thinks the Requetes would units with them. When I told him I thought they had sent a brother of mine to the Miv. Asul. he made a face as if they had ment him to the devil. "I am sorry, because those who go to Russia in general do not return, and those who do come back are crippled for life . that is the Div. Axul was joined by the unfortunates who are, with their families, dying of hunger, and adventurers and robbers; some too because they were soldiers already and did not dare say no because they would have cut their throats if they had. He says that in the beginning a group of 40 left Santander and a few months ago ten came home, araless, legless One of them, a captain, and tubercular, or tubercular, the restdied of it. told some of his family and friends that all the Garman propaganda on the Russian war was an absolute lie. That the Russians never retreated until they were killed or received an order to retreat. That it is a lie to say that they have no leaders, and similarly that they have no material. He know better than snybody what the war in Russia had already cost the Germans.

During the winter they had lost millions of men and a great deal of material. It was terifying what went in there. He says that those who come back from Russia are forbidden to speak of what they see there and therefore it is impossible to get more details. However they tell their friends in confidence.

ASSISTANCE CIVEN BY THE FRANCO-FALANGIST REGIME TO HITLER. — The reinforcements they send to the Div. Asul grow less each time. No one wants to go because the stories of the survivors are gradually passed round. He adds that the Germans pay them very highly. They give them 5.000 pts. just for crossing the frontier. A few months ago a few left Santander to concentrate in San Sebastian. It is there that they train. While before, they made propaganda out of those who were going to Russia, and saw them off at the Station, now it is done secretly.

All foodstuffs are sent to Germany, that is why there is famine in Spaine "I wish you could see all the things they send. Imagine that one can! get olive oil, which used to be so abundant in Spains. They say that in Bilbao and in Reinosa (?) and other places the factories work for the Germans. According to him there are no German soldiers in Spain, only technicians. Germans in civilian clothes are particularly common. He added that the Ogramms spend millions on propaganda and there are many newspapers, reviews, pamphlets etc. which are distributed gratis. The people, as a result of so much propaganda, do not know what to think on some points. They say - "If what the Germans say of Russia is true that country is doomed to disappear; there is nothing but savagery there . He says that some German propaganda postcards show Roosevelt and Churchill dressed as prostitutes, and Stalin in the middle embracing them. The people do not like this kind of propaganda. As for the German infiltration into the country, he limits misself to saying that they are the masters in Spain. He gives no data. He says that the Falange is very much weakened, that only timeservers and those who do business, thanks to the positions they occupy in it, are its supporters. Thereas, when it began, everybody wished to be Falancists, now no one takes any notice, and some people are careful to conceal the fact that they are Falangists. They say that the Requetes appear very upset. They were the ones who fought hardest in the war and new the Falangists are taking advantage of the victory. He says they do not give positions to the Requetes, and when the Falanzists control the syndicates they do not give them work either. There is a great deal of discontent among the Requetes, and they have already begun to speak openly against the Palangists and those whom they blame for the present situation in Spain. They accuse them of being rebbers. He says that they have printed broadsheets about the Falance, which they scatter on the streets and stick on walls at night. He adds that the syndicates have many members, because membership is obligatory, but if it were not so no one would belong. They oblige the young men to enter the Trente Bufu de la Jumentud", although many are already losing their fear, and do not join, or, if they make them members against their will, do not pay the duss. Referring to the despatch of workers to Germany, he says the numbers were high because they offered them a good salary and food as well, but he has the impression that they were deceived, like the members of the Div. Asul. He does not know any more details.

PRICTION PETWEEN THE RULING CLASS IN SPAIN. —— In the army there is a group headed by Tague and queipo, who are opposed to Spain enterin: the war, and the Cermans and Italians controlling Spain. He says that in conjunction with the Requetes and other individuals in the army, they were preparing a coup against Franco, and principally against S. Suner, who is the worst hated of all, but it was found out and no one knows what happed to Yague and Queipo. General Espinosa de los Monteros also had samething to do with it, but he does not know exactly what his part was. Referring to Yague, he says that he was dismissed from the Air Ministry when he made a speech in favour of releasing the prisoners. Queipo refused to allow the Italians to have any clive oil. The situation of the soldiers is very bad. They hardly sat at all, and are very badly clothed. It is pitiful to see thes. They all wish to be demobilised as soon as possible. The '59 draft has been demobilised and he thinks the first reserve of the '40 draft as well. He thinks it is because they cannot keep them in barracks for want of food.

THE POPILE'S RESISTANCE TO THE WAR AND THE REGINE — According to our informant the state of mind of the people is one of extreme hostility towards the present state of affairs, although it is not obviously shown. The Reds are in hising. He says that the only people who are openly fighting against the Falange and the Regime in power are the Requetes. That besides the pamphlets we have referred to above, there often appear on the walls, lampoons and posters against the Falange. He remembers one which said more or less—"Famine and Theft, that is the Falanges. There appeared another very like it, but he does not know what it said because they rubbed it out at once. He says the Requetes also accused the Falangasts of being cowardly assassins who are only useful for doing mass assassinations ("dar Pascos").

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The people take a sympathetic view of these actions of the Requetes. In the queues people interest speak against the Government and the Falange. There are many prisoners. When the "nationalists" first entered Santander they killed people in thousands. The Falangists held many "pascos". They went on killing, only less than at first. The prisoners died of their harsh treatment, many were tubercular. He does not know if they give them organised assistance. Probably relations and friends. He does not know of any activity of the party, or the J.S.U. The Reds are very carefully watched. The only ones who do anything are the Requetes. In general our informant does not know any of our organisations because he was very young when the war began. The only thing he says is "the Falangists are like those they used to call the F.A.I. They go to a house, steal, take a man, take him and shoot him, and then it is finished".

We could not get my information about the Union Nacional, although he gives the impression that he does not know anything about it.

He has no ideas on the future prospects. He thinks that this depends on England; there is talk that the Requetes wish to set up a King who is not a Bourbon. He does not now anything the restoration of Don Juan. The Falangists are enemies of the Monarchy and the people do not worry much about this problem. Referring to the attack on S. Suner; Espinosa de los Monteros, Ambassador in Berlin, had on one of his visits to Madrid, a violent quarrel with Suner and in consequence resigned. He reports that then he was appointed Captain General of the Sixth Region, Burgos, and on taking over the post he made a speech in which he attacked the Falange. He reports that as a consequence he was violently dismissed. A few days later a sone of the general who is a lieutenant in the army, shot at S. Suner several times, he thinks in Madrid. Arress was wounded in consequence. The press said nothing about it. They published a notice that the Secretary of the Party was undergoing an abdominal operation.

The Italian subsarine which entered Santander was damaged in the Caribbean. A few miles from Santander, and in full view of everybody, it was attacked very near the coast by two English aeroplanes which all but sank it. He says it entered harbour, listing over on one side. The English aeroplanes were not able to finish the sinking because German pursuit planes forced them to retire. When asked where the (Garman) planes came from he said Drun. (He gives

the impression that he does not know really where their base was) .

30.7.42.

REPORT 571

A young Basque 24 or 25 years old. By profession a metal-worker. Up to the beginning of the war he was working with an uncle in Zaragoza. Es remained in the battle some throughout the whole war and was mobilised in Franco's army. Is a Basque nationalist, like almost all his family. Although a workman by profession he always worked with his relations, almost always as foreman, or at least as manager. He has no political point of view nor are his class feelings very developed. He has never belonged to any syndicate. After the war was over he worked in Bilbse in a wire factory where there were about a thousand workmen. He finally left work in order to devote himself to the Black Market because, acording to him, it was impossible to live on what he was graids at the factory. He lived in Rationalist circles, they were the only ones with which he was con ected. For this reason his report is rather incomplete, and in some cases lacks objectivity. He is rather reserved.

ATTITUDE OF THE SPANIARDS TOWARDS THE ANTI-HITLER WAR. - In the graphic words of the informant, 90% of Spaniards are partisans of England. The workers, peasants, petit-bourgeois, capitalists, and some of the clergy, (later he told us the majority of the Basque cures) are on the side of England, although in a passive way, and against Germany and the Falange.

The general opinion which is expressed in conversations between groups of friends, and lately also in the street, is that the defeat of Germany is inevitable, due, according to our informant, to the fact that the allies have more economic resources and more primary materials. It is thought that the United States will be a very important factor in the realisation of victory. Also the defeats suffered by Germany on the Eastern front contribute to stressing this opinion.

In Spain everyone is tired of the war, and no one wishes Spain to take part in it. There people are in a real panic on this score. Our informant thinks that if France should decide to fight, in view of the terrorist nature of the Regime, the people would have to obey. Later in another conversation he said that

there were people who, in that case, would hide in the mountains.

The defeats suffered by Cermany on the Rastern front were well known there and contributed to increase the people's confidence. He says that they said there that, in spite of their resistance, it was obvious that the Russians were not sufficiently prepared to face a power like Germany.

The entry of the United States into the war was received with joy by the people who interpreted it as an event destined to shorten the war, of which they

are all very tired over there.

The Ratification of the Anglo-Russian Pact and the American-Russian agreement is known there, although the range and content of the pact and the agressment were not known. He says that the Falangist press; only said that these nations had promised not to make a separate peace.

He does not know the agreement about the second front, although this subject is very often spoken of, with the idea that it would be the final blow to Germany. Over there they think that the opening of the Second Front will result in the rising of the French people, perhaps the Spanish people too. With the idea in mind the people often discuss possible landing places. It is thought that the will-take-place-in-France, although some may it might also happen in Spaine The opening of the second front would be received with joy by all.

The attitude of the people to the "Division asul" is frankly hostile. It has no sympathy from the people, even from the very moment the recruiting was begun. He s ays, that in the beginning a few volunteers gave their names, mainly Falangists who washed to carn merit in order to improve their position in Spaine Others went because their position in Spain was desperate and they thought it might improve if they left it. Some, who were in the army, found themselves. in the position of not being able to refuse, because if they had they would have got into trouble: But they all went in the belief that they would see the war from a distance, and that they were really being sent as a symbolic deputation for the Moscow parade. He says the press made propaganda, asserting that the Spanish soldier could fight in all climates, as they had shown at Teruel. He

says that when the names of the first casualties arrived, the people were glad and said "that will teach them to interfere in what does not concern them". The survivors came back disillusioned. They repent of having gone. The majority of them come back ill or crippled. He adds that the war in Russia is worse than the Press reports.it; the Spanish war was child's play compared with it. The Falangists are more reserved and make no public criticisms like the others but among their friends they also say that it was terrible. They went into action in fact just before the Russian counter-offensive began, and received the full brunt. They had many losses through bullets and the cold. Some of those who came back crippled have German iron crosses for which they get a pension, our informant does not know the am unt, from the German government.

SUPPORT GIVEN BY THE FRANCIST RECYMB AND THE FALANCE TO HITTER. — Our informant does not know in whatquantity they send reinforcements to the Blue Mission. He thinks that there is some exageration on this point on the part of the Falancist Press which tries in this way to encourage enthusiasm among the young men. He knows that the place they report to and train is San Sebastian, and that from there they leave for the front. He thinks that they are still sending people, but they are only Preliefs for those who come home. He adds that those who go to the Division Asul today, with very few exceptions, do it against their will. They get the majority of those who go from the barracks. He says that many workmen went to Germany on account of the lack of food and work. He does not know how many but he thinks a fair quantity. He says that the people take these things calmly generally, because they cannot do anything against them. He only heard that in Irun there had been some scene with the Blue Division or with the workers who were going to Germany but he gives not actual details, saying that it is dangerous to try and know too much.

In Spain the flost fervent supporters of the Namis are - Suner, Minos Grande, Moscardo and other generals, and especially the "idealist" Falancists, or those who cammitted injustices or profiteered and are afraid of "the table being turned".

He says that the Falange is only the shadow of what it was during the war. That at the beginning many people joined it for safety's sake, but now it is dead thing that no one takes any notice of. The same happened with the "Flechas", "Frente de la Juventud" etc. The syndicates have many members, because membership is obligatory in order to get work. The workers would not join them if they could help it. He says that all the directors are Falangist bureaucrats who take a vantage of their position to steal all they can. He cites as an example the fact that employers are obliged to pay something as a contribution to the subsidy allocated to workmen with large families, but he says that the Falangists do not pay it to anybody, but spend it themselves. For these and other similar reasons there is a lot of discontent among the employers.

Cour informant says that they are still sending large quantities of food to Germany, also iron and other materials. The people know that if there is familie in Spain it is because the Germans and the Black Marketeers

Asked about the production of the metal factories in Bilbao, he says that they are working at pressure, but he does not know if it is war material. He knows that pig-iron is being sent to France, he imagines it is intended for Germany. Iron ore is also sent to France by sea.

FRICTION AMONG THE RULING CLASSES. — He knows that in the army there is a surge of feeling against the Falange, but he says that it has no outside repensussions. The only incident known there was the case of Yague and Queipo de Ilano. In general there is a great feeling against the Falange among the soldiers. The consequence is that they make life impossible for Falangists in the army.

He says that the majority of the Basque Priests are enemies of Ogrmany, of the Falange and of Franco. They are very indignant about the executions of nationalist priests carried out by France. Even today there are many of them in prisons. He says that the priests devote voluntary masses to praying that Spain may not enter the war.

Es says that other members of the clergy, although they are opposed to the Catholic persecutions in Germany and Poland, support Franco because they believe that only with his help can they preserve their positions.

He adds that the richest and most influential people there do not wish to hold official posts because they feel that there will be a change in Spain and they do not wish to have the responsibility of the crimes committed by others. Official posts are occupied by a series of bandits.

Hatred for the Falange is general in the majority of social classes. He says that even those who belonged to the Falange before, young students, employees or just rich peo-le, do not wish to have anything to do with it now, and say that the Falange is going to the dogs.

Be adds that in general everybody hopes that the triumph of England will cause a change of government in Spain and so they confine themselves to waiting

although there is talk of a possible coup distat by the soldiers.

RESISTANCE OF THE PRO LE AGAINST ENTERING THE WAR AND AGAINST THE ERRIGIST

REGIES — The people wish to see the situation change as soon as possible, but
they believe that the solution must come from outside. According to our infermant, there is no thought of fighting against against against the regime. He says that the
workers in the factory in which he worked spoke openly against the regime but
he does not know that there was any activity. (Miven the character of the
informant we may sup ose that even if there was he would take pains to ignore
it). From time to time the women ricted in the queues; at first they simt
them up, now they say nothing. He asserts that every day the people speak more
openly against the regime. The contribution to "Auxilio Social" was obligatory
before but now no one pays. When the young laddes of "Auxilio Social" beg for
subscriptions in the streets and ask the reason for refusal, some people answer.
"because I do not wish to".

He says that when Franco was at Bilbso the people remained in their houses and he was received only by four "chats bottes" in the offices of the Falange, At the end of Franco's grach not a soul applauded. Then some Falangist young ladies said, half in tears, "what we must do is buy a machine gun and shoot them all".

Assistance to the prisoners, according to our informant is given by relations and friends. There is no organised assistance, but he proceeds to tell us that cartainly there have been collections sometimes in the factory inflavour of the prisoners, but "by groups of friends". He does not know of the activity of any organisation, as such. The nationalists, according to him (he is a nationalist) are the ones who have some organisation.

They distributed there a speech made by Aguirre in America. One of the Prieto's was also in circulation. He has no news of the other organisations although he admits that if they have any organisation they would not go and tell him about it.

When he is asked about the activity of the different organisations of which the Frente Popular is composed, and the attitude of the militant party members of these organisations, he asserts categorically that there the people are completely united, and there is now no talk of socialists, anarchists, communists, republicans etc. All treat each other as comrades, and help each other as far as they can. In Spain, according to our informant, there are only now ensaies of Franco and the Falange, who maintain a strict unity among themselves; they discuss the progress of the war together, comment on the situation etc. He says that the people wish for unity, repret the disunion there was before in Spain and the Quarrels between different parties and anti-fascist organisations.

He did not know of the shooting of Larra or Diagues. The execution of Larra impressed him very much and he said that in order to do what Larra had done one would need plenty of guts.

FUTURE PROSPECTS — He repeats again that they believe in Spain that the triumph of England will cause a change in the situation. (We must point out that for some time there have been currents in the Basque nationalism which have been seeking for a "solution" of their national problem with the assistance of England, transforming the "Pais Basque" into an English protectorate or Dominion or something like that, and even during the Spanish war there were individuals who thought that at the critical moment the Basques would receive help from the English)

Our informant told us at the beginning that there people spoke only in favour of England, but after considerable circumlocution he confessed that the workers also sympathised very much with the Soviet Union, although conversations in this direction were much more restrained. He added that the people were quite well informed about the course of events as they listed daily to the bulletins of Radio London, and some also listen to those of Radio Moscow.

The people in general are in favour of a solution on the basis of the Republic. Others are afraid that the fall of France will result in a revolution worse than the others and for this reason they are more healtant. Those individuals are specially the rich. If they believed that the Republic would be established wishout bloodshed they would be in complete agreement with it.

建筑和影響和電影、近视影響、影響等。

In Spain they believe that Hitler may be defeated in 1942, especially if the Second Front is started. They also say that Russia is bearing the brunt of the fight.

Speculation about a monarchist restoration has no ither delighted cr-depressed the people. The possibility does not arouse much interest.

The people, who, according to our informant, have nost prestige in Buskadi (Basque national territory) are aguirre and Prieto, especially the former.

As regards conditions of material life he assures us that they are terrible and that is the fundamental reason why all the people have turned against France. There is much talk of one home without bread or a roofs, but that does not improve the situation.

All business is controlled by the "Elack Marketeers" of the falange who, sheltered behind the Committees of Emply, requisition the crops from the peasants at the standard rate, and instead of selling them to the people at the standard rate they reduce rationing to almost nothing in order to compel the people to buy articles on the Black Market, at a price which will give them the profits. He says that these who have many to buy things contraband (and they are the majority since salaries have hardly been increased at all in comparison with pre-war standards) die of hinger. He gives prices which correspond with those for other regions of Spain".

the military and naval information contained in these reports has been extracted and supplied to the S.O.I. Trinidad, and the Military Advisor, Imperial Consorship, Trinidad, under the reference numbers S.E./S.O.I.1, and S.E./M.A.1 respectively.

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Subject: Helen Mary Winter Bufile: 100-423449

FBI document 19 Nov. 1973 (NY)

Subject: Helen Mary Winter Bufile: 100-423449

FBI document 22 Aug. 1973 (NY)

Subject: Tour of Union Of Soviet Socialist Republics by Representatives of Central Committee, Communist Party, USA, July 13 - Aug. 12, 1973

FBI document 30 March 1973 (NY) Subject: Helen Mary Winter Bufile: 100-423449

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23 March 1973 (NY)
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10 January 1973 (NY)
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FBI Doc. 14 May 1970 (Wash.) RE: Comtacts Between Communist Party, USA and Communist Party of Venezuela DBC 82704

FBI Doc. 24 June 19%669 (NY) RE: Helen Winter Bufile: 100-423449) DBC 54933

FBI doc. 20 May 1969 (NY) RE: Heler Winter Bufile: 100-423449 DBC 52075

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FBI doc. 18 April 1967 (Wash.) RE: Helen Mary Winter BUfile: (SC) 100-423449 DBB 77957

FBI doc. 8 Nov. 1960 RE: Helen Mary Winter DBF 62099

FBI doc. 26 July 1967 (NY) RE: Helen Mary Winter Bufile: 100-423449 BBB 88376

FBI doc.
2 June 1967 (NY)
RE; Helen Mary Winter
Bufile: 100-423449
DBB 81991

FBI doc.
D 23 May 1967 (Seattle)
RE: Helen Mary Winter

Bufile: &Filled Field Office 100-17363 DBB 81995

FBI doc. 27 April 1967 (NY) RE: Helen Mary Winter Bufile: 100-423449 DBB 78966

FBI doc. 18 April 1967 (NY) RE: Helen Mary Winter Bufile: 100-423449 DBB 78724

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FBI doc. 6 July 1966 (Seattle) RE: Helen Mary Winter Field office file: SE 100-17363 DBB 77913

FBI doc 21 Jan. 1966 (NY) RE; Helen Mary Winter

Bufile: 100-423449 DBB 77914

FBI doc. 26 Oct. 1965 (NY) RE: Helen Mary Winter Bufile: 100-223449 DBB 77915

FBI doc. 30 July 1965 (NY) RE: Helen Mary Winter Bufile: 100-423449 DBB 77916

FBI doc. 5 May 1965 (NY) RE: Helen Mary Winter Bufile: 100-423449 DBB 77917

FBI doc. 12 Feb. 1965 (NY) RE: Helen Mary Winter Bufile: 100-423449 DBB 77918

FBI doc. 20 Nov. 1964 (Detroit) RE: Helen Mary Winter, nee Wagenknecht Bufile: 100-423449 DBB 77919 -00000

PBI 60c. 26 August 1964 (Detroit) RE: Helen Mary Winter Bufile: 100-423449 DBE 77920

FBI doc. 25 Feb. 1964 (Detroit) RE: Helen Mary Winter Bufile: 100-423449 DBB 77921

FBI doc. 17 May 1962 (Detroit) RE: Comgress of Canadian Women, Information Concerning DBA 10048

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FBI doc. 30 lov. 1961 (Detroit) RE: Helen Mary Winter Bufile: 100-423449 DBF 96370

FBI doc. 24 Aug. 1961 (Detroit) RE: Helen Mary Winter Bufile: 100-423449 BBB 77922

FBI doc. 21 June 1961 (Detroit) RE: Helen Mary Winter Bufile: 100-425449 DBF 81488

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FBI doc. 24 Jan. 1961 (Detroit) RE: Helen Mary Winter, nee Wagenknecht, et al. DBF 67557

FBI doc. 6 Sept. 1960 (Detroit) RE: Helen Mary Winter Bufile: 100-423449 DBB 77923

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